





LIFE Platform meeting The Water Resilience Strategy

LIFE Strategic Integrated Projects implementing River Basin Management Plans practices

Day 2.

Workshop A

Governance, Enforcement and Compliance

Chair: Federico De Filippi

Moderator: Yael Meroz

Rapporteur: Christina Rauls

LIFE CLIMAX PO-

Selena Ziccardi & Alessandro Scibona









CLIMate Adaptation for the PO river basin district





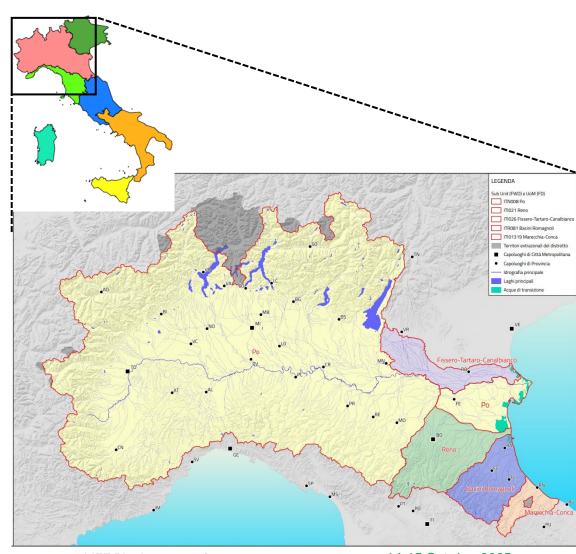
RBMP targeted: Po River Basin District

Who we are: The River Po Basin District Authority is a non-economic public body, operating under the supervision of the Ministry of the Environment and Energy Security, which merged the pre-existing River basin authorities and the Po River.

What we do: water planning for Po River district.

Adaptation to Climate Change: is a challenging topic for our territory, which is also recognized as a hotspot for climate change in the Mediterranean region. Adaptation must be incorporated into future planning for 2027, and with the LIFE CLIMAX PO project, we can establish a roadmap leading up to 2032.





LIFE Platform meeting
FOCUS ON WATER RESILIENCE STRATEGY

14-15 October 2025 Brussels



Po River Basin District **Government contest**

Regions





About us









PIEMONTE





Regione Emilia-Romagna





Po River Basin District Territorial framework

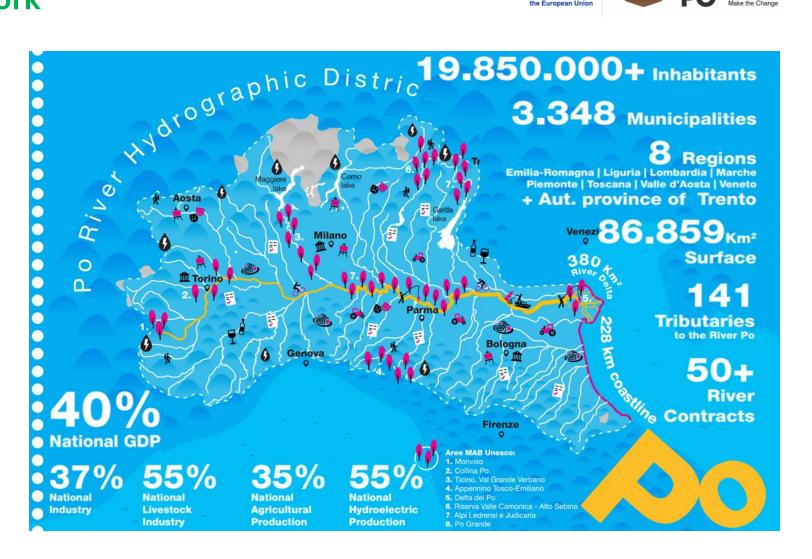




About us

A strategically important area in terms of:

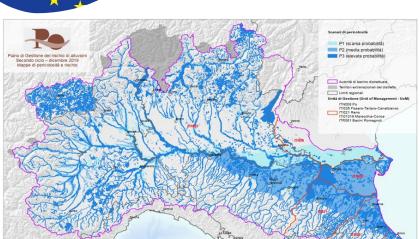
- **Geographical**
- Economic
- → Social







Po River Basin District Main challenges



Many areas potentially prone to risk of flooding, since the Po Valley is an alluvial plain.





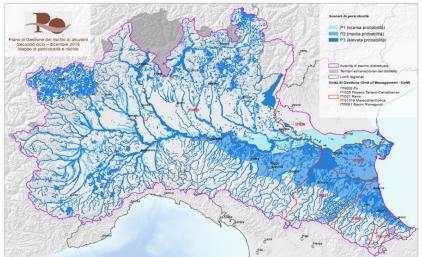




Po River Basin District Main challenges

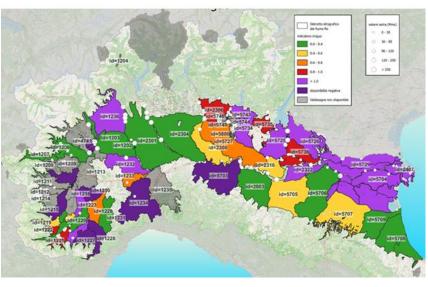






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Ratio of irrigation use to water availability in 2022 for each irrigation district



Mainly used for agricultural purposes (65%). The ratio between water availability and consumption is not always easy to manage.

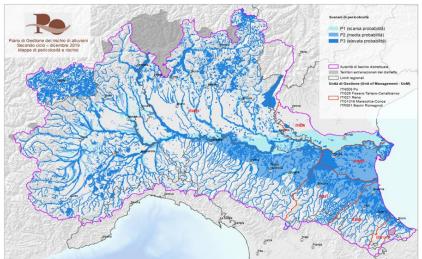




Po River Basin District Main challenges

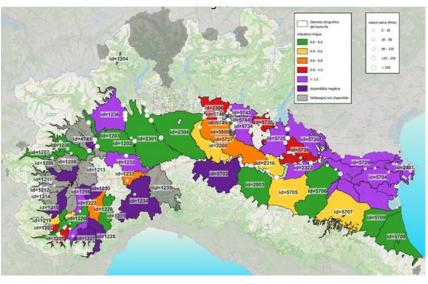






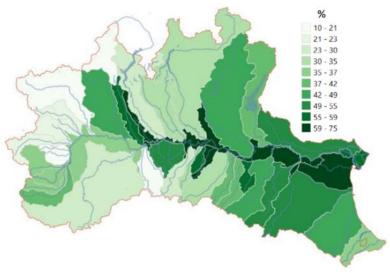
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UAA: 32.600 km² (39% of total)



Agricultural uses involves considerable coverage of UAA. Risk of water eutrophication from fertilizers and livestock waste.



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CLIMAX PO CLIMate Adaptation for the PO river basin district



- AIPO - O cmcc - LEGAMBIENTE - AIB-

Regione Lombardia

Regione Emilia-Romagna



RBMP targeted: Po River Basin District

Beneficiaries: Po River Basin District Authority and other 20 + 4 associated partners, involving all levels of

governance in the District, public and private stakeholders, research organizations and major

associations.

Total Budget: €17,890,937

LIFE grant: 60%

Start and end dates: 02.2023 – 01.2032

Presented by: Project coordinators

Alessandro Scibona & Selena Ziccardi

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REGIONE PIEMONTE













General aim

Promote adaptation to climate change through smart water management.





Governance



Shared climatic knowledge



Cooperation and integration



Water security and climate resilience



Climate Adaptation for the Po River District









In addition to activities engaging the public, stakeholders, and training for public administration, the Project addresses four main areas:







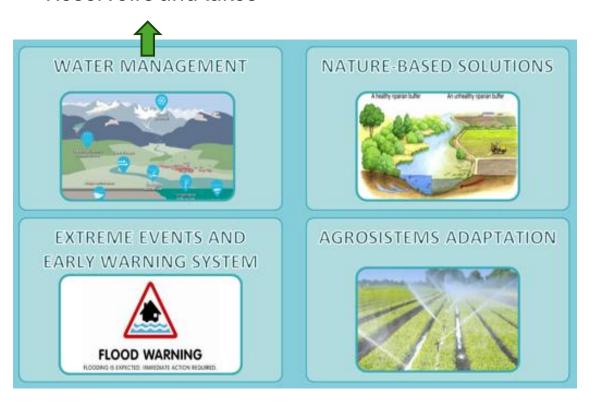




Reservoirs and lakes

In addition to activities engaging the public, stakeholders, and training for public administration, the Project addresses four main areas:

1. Optimization of water resource management in reservoirs;











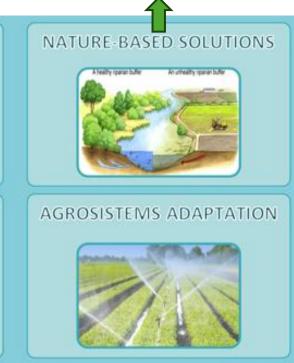
Reservoirs and lakes

Po plain ecosystem connectivity

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- 2. Enhancement and increase of natural and ecosystem-based solutions;













Reservoirs and lakes

Po plain ecosystem connectivity

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- 1. Optimization of water resource management in reservoirs;
- 2. Enhancement and increase of natural and ecosystem-based solutions;
- 3. Development of approaches and tools capable of supporting administrations, decision-makers, and communities in tackling the increase in extreme precipitation events;



EXTREME EVENTS AND EARLY WARNING SYSTEM



NATURE-BASED SOLUTIONS

AGROSISTEMS ADAPTATION



Forecasting and management of extreme rainfall events

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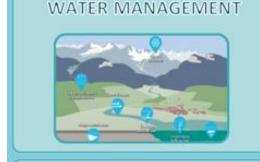


Reservoirs and lakes

Po plain ecosystem connectivity

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- Optimization of water resource management in reservoirs;
- Enhancement and increase of natural and ecosystem-based solutions:
- Development of approaches and tools capable of supporting administrations, decision-makers, and communities in tackling the increase in extreme precipitation events;
- Optimization of irrigation water management, including the assessment of soil conservation techniques and land degradation neutrality.







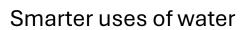
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14-15 October 2025 Brussels





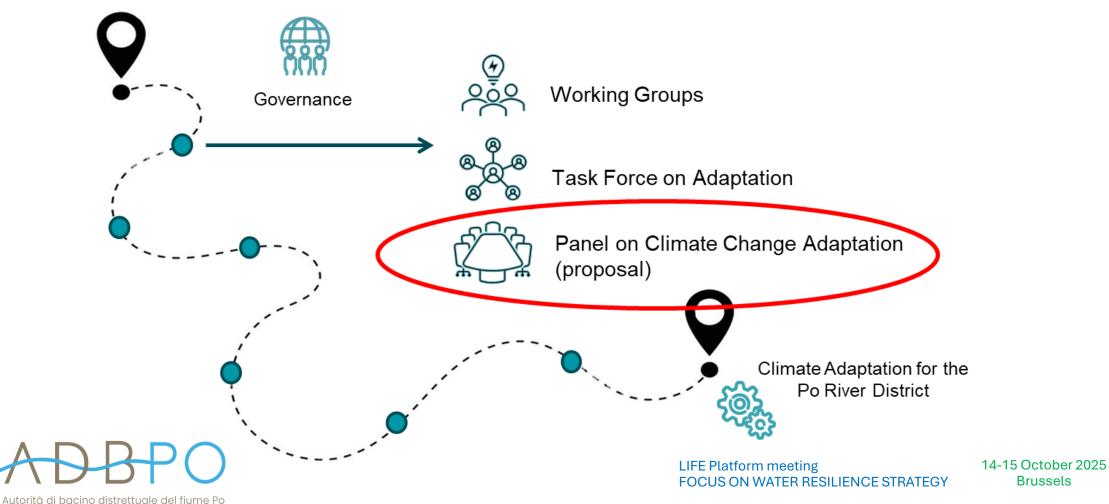


Brussels

Monitoring, assessment, reporting and review

Objectives

Create a multi-level district governance for climate change adaptation that can effectively support water planning for the Po River basin.









1. Monitoring, assessment, reporting and review





- **What went well?**
- Existence of **common objective**: achieving homogeneous and shared management
- **Strong collaboration** among partners with different backgrounds
- Knowledge exchange
- Shared vision on the importance of climate adaptation
- First steps toward **standardization** of monitoring and reporting practice



- **Obstacles/Critical issues**
- The main challenge lies in governance complexity
- Fragmentation of competences between national, regional and local levels
- Need for **stronger involvement** of municipalities to bridge the gap between recommendation and **local** implementation
- Lack of shared methodology/data to link monitoring and local action





Co-funded by



3. Stakeholders' engagement



- **What went well?**
- More inclusive decision-making processes
- Greater transparency
- Collaboration between multi-level bodies
- Alignment with RBMP and EU policy
- Co-creation of practical solutions

- **Obstacles/Critical issues**
- Complex governance structure
- Difficulty maintaining constant engagement
- **Differences** in **priorities** among stakeholders
- Need for conflict mediation

Around **240** stakeholders involved









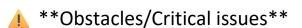


4. Capacity building





- **Promoting coordination** between national, regional and local strategies and plans
- Strenger awareness
- Collaboration between multi-level bodies
- Address gaps in vocational training, adaptation skills and public perception of climate risk
- **Development** of shared capacity building tools



- Difficulty maintaining constant engagement
- Differences in priorities
- Risk of low adoption without stable incentives
- Need to integrate results into decision-making processes







5. Cross-sector collaboration among authorities

- **What well went?**
- Shared vision on role and responsibilities
- Improved information flow between levels
- Efficient political/technical alignment



- **Obstacles / Critical issues**
- Complex governance structure
- Difficulty maintaining constant engagement
- Differences in **priorities**
- Need to integrate results into decision-making processes





Lessons learned and Way forward





2026

Start second phase of project

2027

Publication RBMP

2028

Start of new plan update

We think that, following discussions, exchanges and shared decisions, a tool for adapting to climate change will be adopted at district level.

Local → coordination between municipalities

Regional → inclusion in RDPs

National \rightarrow contribution to guidelines

European → evidence for future revisions of the WFD/CAP

