

LIFE Living Rivers: Restoring rivers in Slovakia



Katarína Mravcová, Water Research Institute

katarina.mravcova@vuvh.sk

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Main project goal

- Implementation of the 3rd RBMP of the Danube (2021-2027) - ecological targets of the WFD to achieve good GES/GEP of surface water bodies
- Active measures (in the field) on:

10

Water bodies

344

km



Key topics

HYMO
measures

management of
protected areas

sustainable forest
management



sustainable land
managament

native fish species,
sturgeons

water quality
measures on
local scale

AI generated

How?

Planning

Monitoring

Implementation

Stakeholders



Cooperation

Capacity building

Communication

Mobilisation

Replication

Indicators (KPI)

3 268 ha

habitats

13,6 km

side arms

15 bariér

Barriers removed/modified

69 km

Free flowing sections for fish

60.000

Trees planted

100 ha

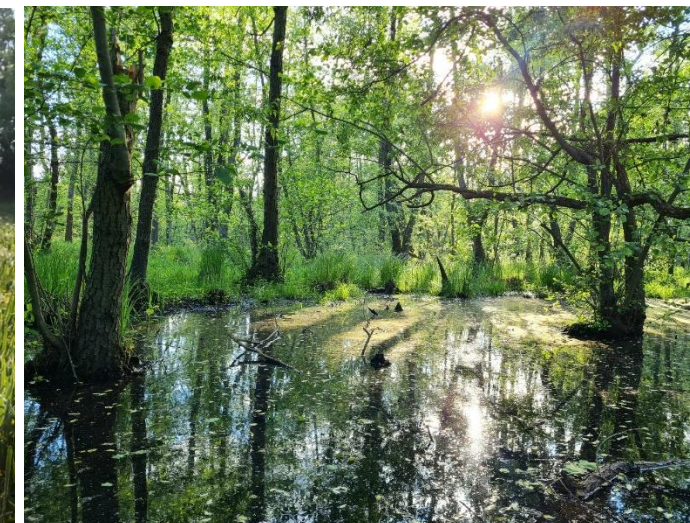
Forest habitats

38 ha

wetlands

**1124 ton
/ročne**

CO₂ sequestration



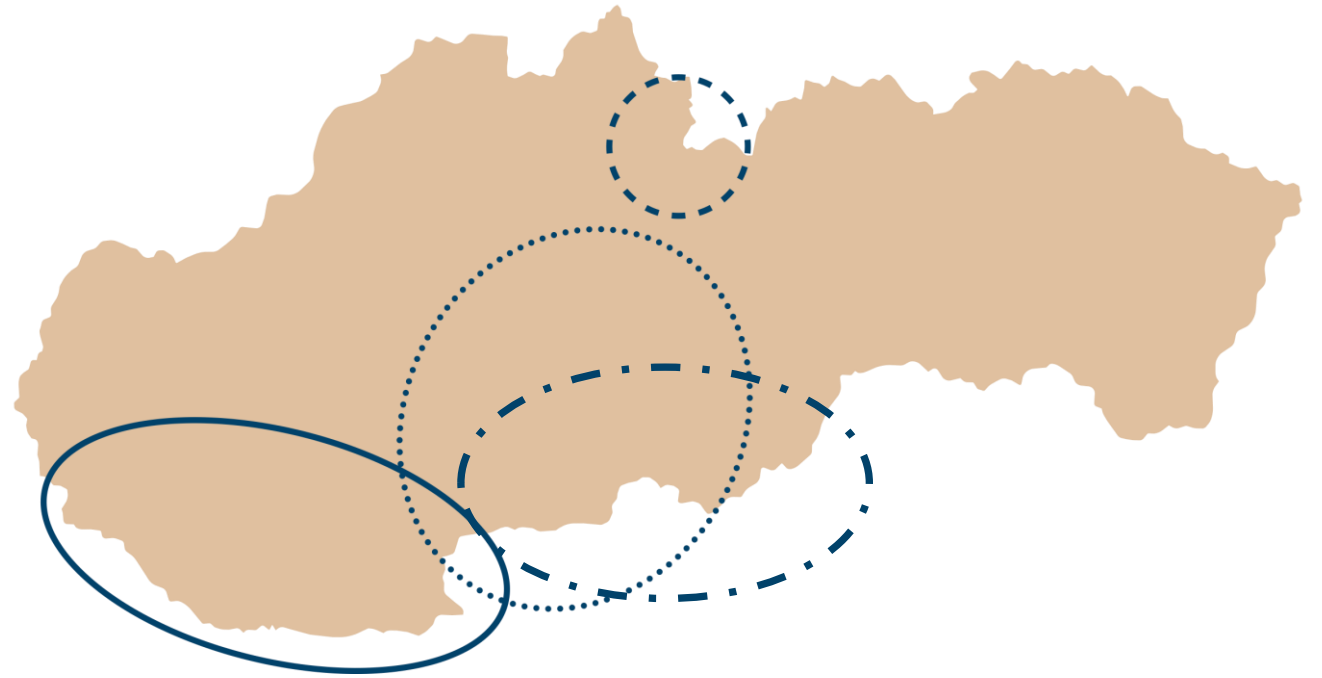
Project sub-basins

Danube

Hron

Ipel'

Belá



19 Natura 2000 sites

National policy



Water Policy Conception
(2021-2030 with prospects till
2050) – adopted by the
government 1.6.2022

The 3rd River Basin
Management Plan (2021-
2027) adopted by the
government 11.5.2022

Legislation: simplified
construction approval
process

River Restorations have
become a topic on
national level

Water Act 364/2004 Z.z.
upd. 2023

§2 par. 1a

River restoration is a **complex of nature based solutions** aiming to reduce or remove negative impact of river regulations

§ 46 River restoration

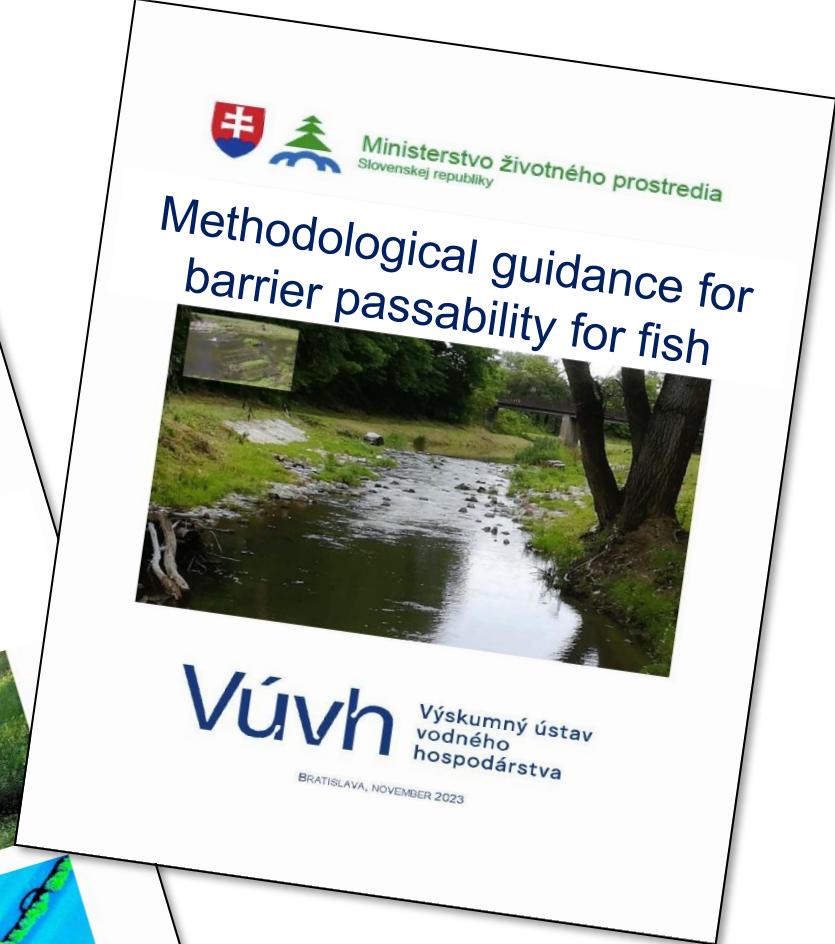
The goal is to **improve ecological status** of water bodies through supporting **natural river processes** which lead to restoration and preservation of biodiversity of river ecosystem or adaptation to climate change

Methodologies

- Morphological processes as a basis, role of sediments
- Types of restoration
- How to design river restoration
- Bio-engineering solutions, dead-wood
- Restorations in cities
- Practical examples
- Etc.

Barriers:

- The first solution to consider:
Complete removal of barrier
- Procedures, technical parameters for designers
- Hydraulic parameters for each fish zone defined in Slovakia



Since 2023

Catchment to reach approach in pilot basins – scoping studies

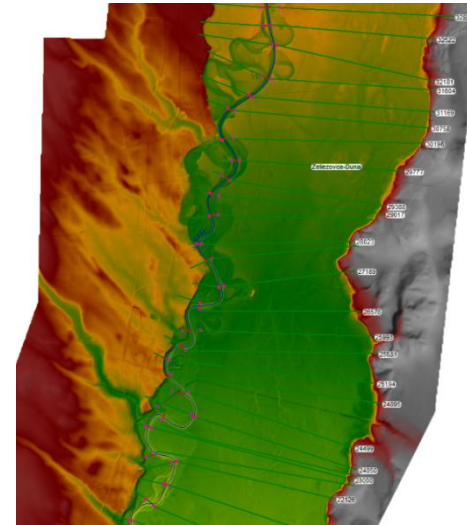
Restoration priority rivers from 3rd RBMP

Hymo assessment (homogenous reaches)

Field investigation, DTMs, historical maps: ca **40 side-arms**, **15 riparian vegetation reaches**, **1 HMWB reach** for mitigation measures

Monitoring – screening (MZB and fish) : **13 priorities**

Detailed measure proposals, **numerical modelling**

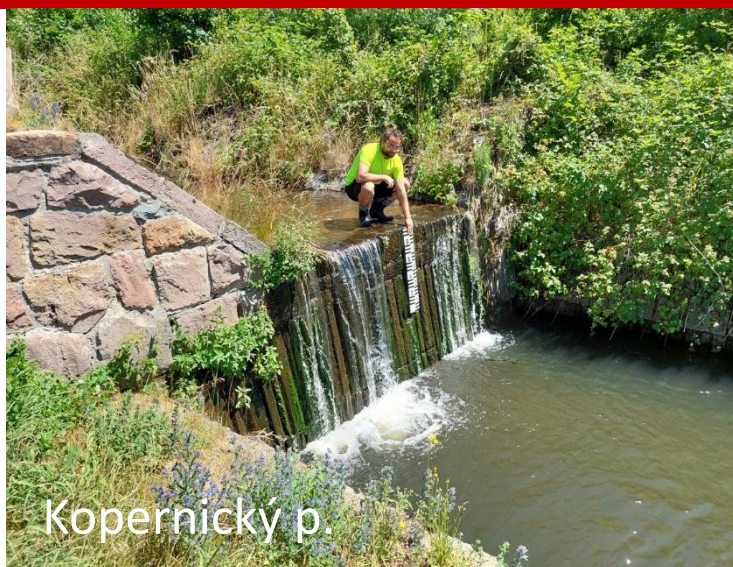
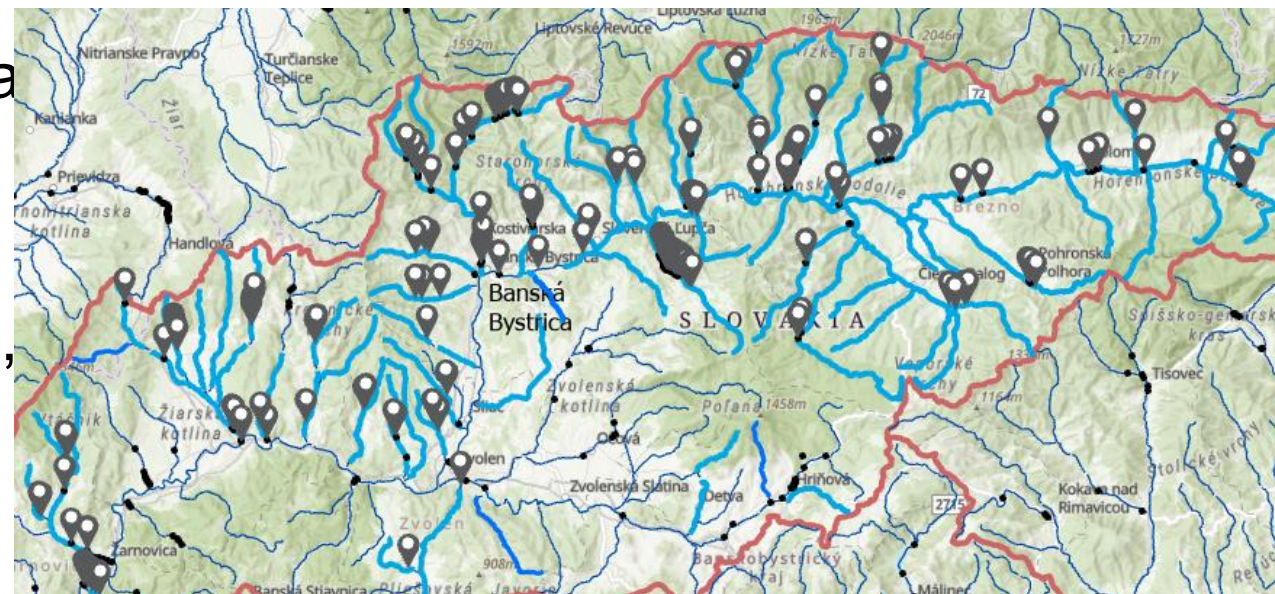


Mapping Barriers

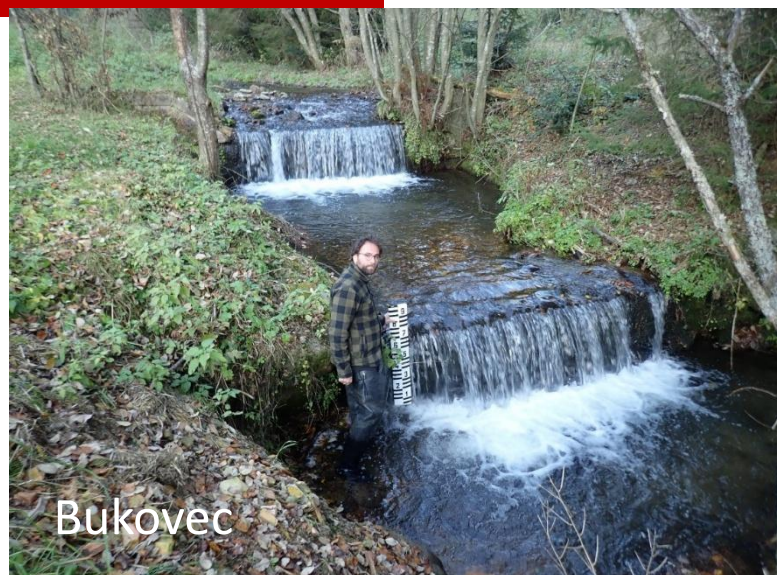
- Ca 1500 barriers in Slovakia in national database – not complete!
- 84 water bodies and 260 barriers surveyed (GPS, photo) – SQL database, types specified

Hron and Belá basins

First results: Only ca 35% barriers recorded



Kopernický p.



Bukovec



Belá

Obsolete Barriers

Only 2 complete barrier removals in Slovakia so far: Starohorsky potok and Hučava

Removal of obsolete barriers – easiest and cheapest solution, but often **feared by the river management**

Often not possible - **modifications**

Search for obsolete barriers ongoing



Solutions

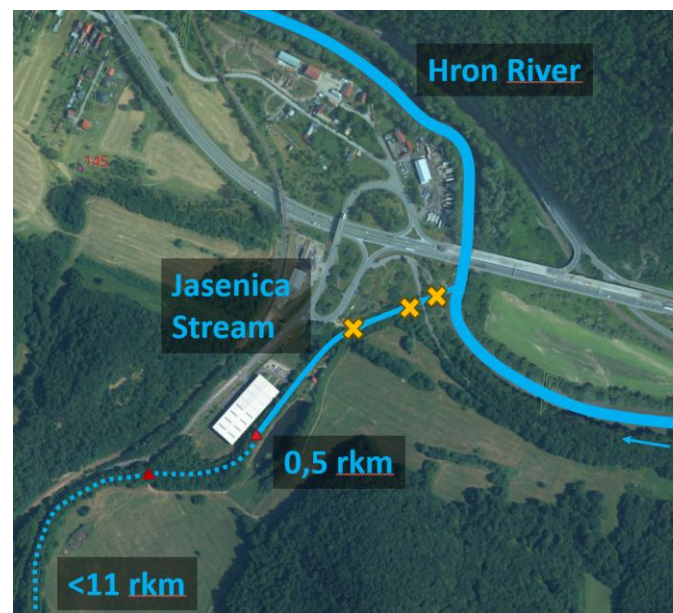


Priorities (confluences, existing documentation, important tributaries, obsolete)

Best practice examples for river managers

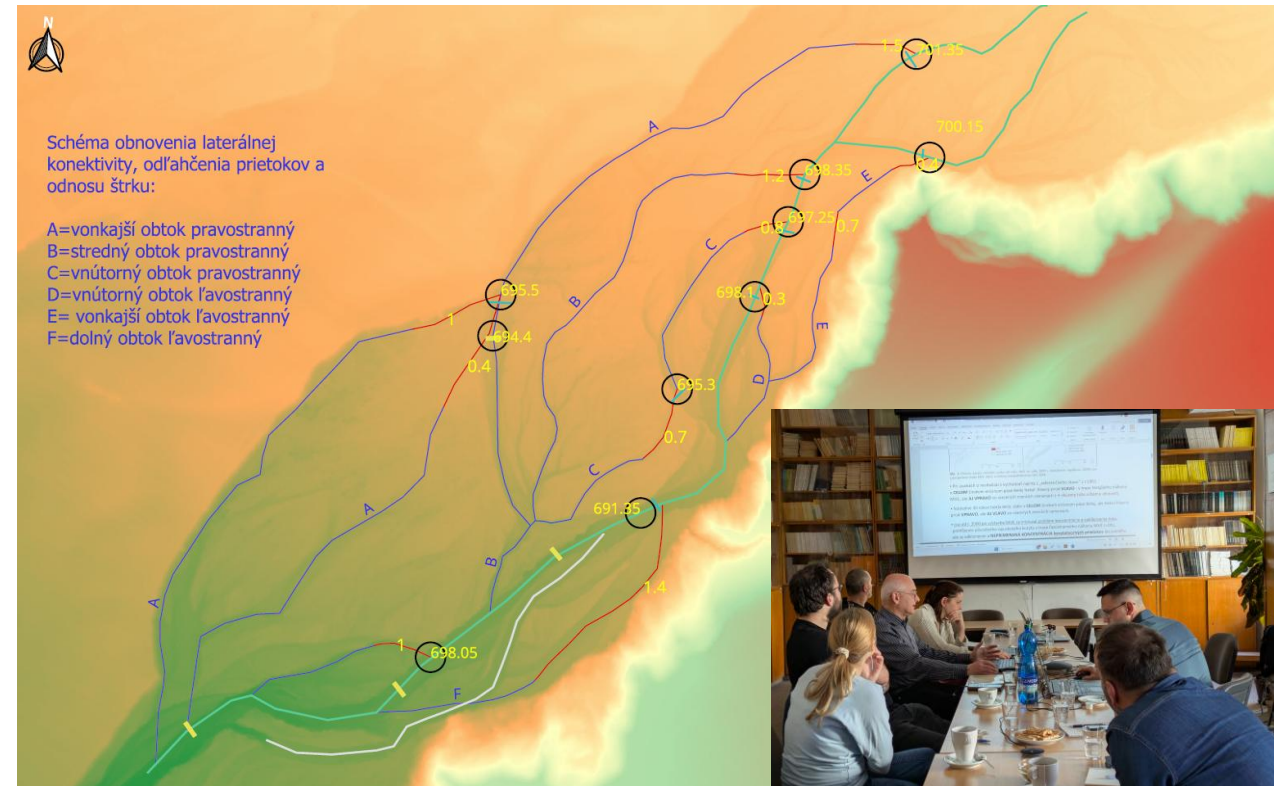
Stakeholder involvement

19 barriers for implementation: technical planning and engineering phase (**removals and modifications**) **114 km upstream connectivity gain**



Belá river

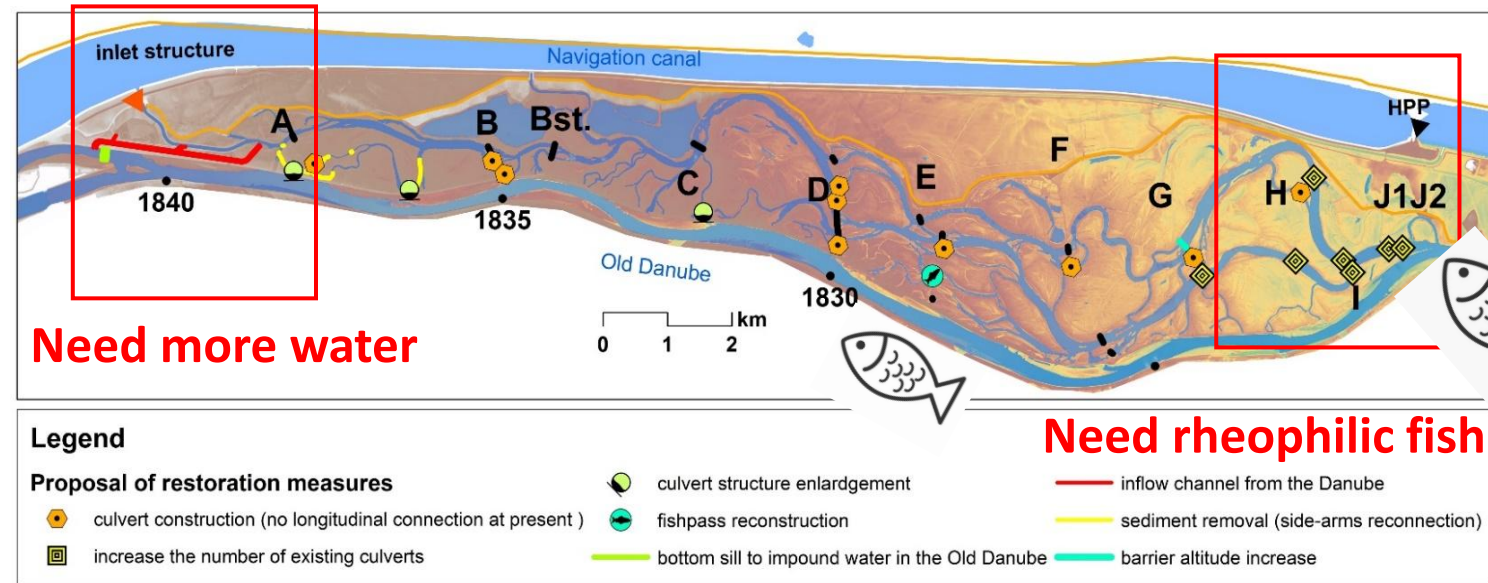
- Braided river in National park
- Riverbed erosion due to SHP, river straightening
- Engaging science, practice and stakeholders
- Restore lateral connectivity (floodplain and sidearms reconnection)
- Barrier removals, ichthyological monitoring



The Danube – Gabčíkovo dam area



Technical solutions – fishpass for sturgeon species Čunovo dam (incl. *Huso huso*)



Biocorridor through side arm system and old Danube river

Reconstructions of linear barriers and culverts, side-arm reconnections

Telemetry, ichthyological monitoring, sturgeon stocking (ca 30.000 juveniles released 2023-2025)



Communication



KEDY RYBY DOSTANÚ ZELENÚ?

Bariéry na vodných tokoch ohrozujú život a migráciu rýb a bránia užitočným ekologickým procesom.

Zistite viac.

Nahlaďte zbytočné prehradenia na akomkoľvek vodnom toku v aplikácii AMBER.

Zobraziť štatistiky a reklamy

Propagovať príspevok

Komentár: 3 Zdieľanie: 6



OBNOVA MOKRAĐÍ A LUŽNÝCH LEŠOV

Jedným z najúčinnějších spôsobov, ako vrátiť krajine schopnosť zadržať vodu, je obnova mokradí a lužných lešov.

Čítať TU



OBNOVA MEANDROV

Významná je aj obnova meandrov a prirodzených tokov riek, ktoré sme v minulosti "narovnali" a premenili na akési technické kanály.

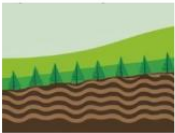
Čítať TU



ZALESŇOVANIE A VEGETAČNÉ PÁSY

Stromy, kríky, brehové porasty či vetrolamy výrazne prispievajú k zadržiavaniu vody. Dôležitú úlohu má aj ich koreňová sústava.

Čítať TU



ZMENA HOSPODÁRENIA NA POLIACH

Polnohospodárstvo orientované na



OBNOVA ZÁPLAVOVÝCH ÚZEMÍ

Ak počas intenzívnych dažďov môžu



ZADRŽ VODY PROST

Aj mestá zoh



MALÉ JESETERY MAJÚ ZACHRÁNIŤ RIEKU AJ SEBA



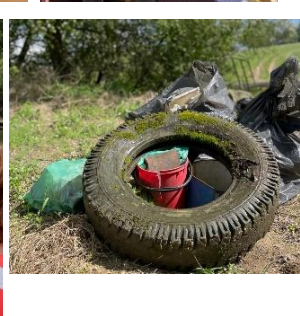
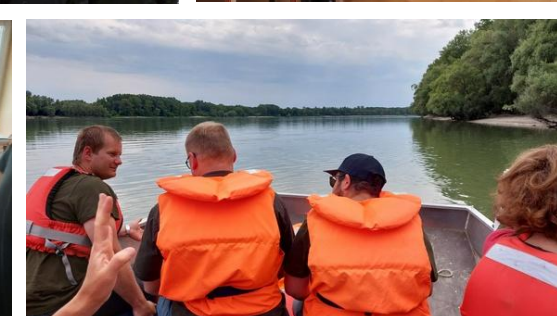
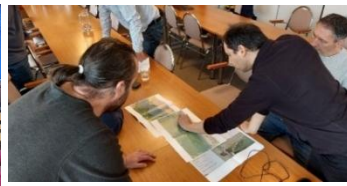
TIŠICE JESETEROV DO DUNAJA
MIROSLAVA RAKOVSKÁ
ASISTENTKA PROJEKTU LIVING RIVERS

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Thank you for attention



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